Transparent Public Procurement Rating



GeorgiaPublic Procurement Legislation Assessment

The Assessment of the Public Procurement Legislation of Georgia was prepared by the Institute for Development of Freedom of Information (IDFI).

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Methodology

The TPPR Methodology is envisioned to be a universal methodology for assessing public procurement legislations (PPLs) with the ultimate goal of identifying the strengths and weaknesses of legal frameworks and their enforcement around the globe.

Structure and Logic

The Methodology is composed of 64 indicators, each of which holds a similar degree of importance. A number of these indicators are further broken down into scoring components.

The Methodology covers all the major components of any public procurement system, from the nature of the legislation to the complaint review process, with focus on the transparency of public procurement systems.

The selection of indicators for the Methodology was largely based on international best practice, international standards and aspects of other existing methodologies in the sphere of public procurement, such as:

- BRD Methodology and Standard
- GPA Standard (WTO)
- OECD Methodology and Principles
- EU Standard (Directive 2014/24/EU)
- Open Contracting Data Standard (OCDS)

Several indicators have been directly taken from one of the sources listed above as examples of best international practice. All of these indicators have been properly referenced.

During the indicator selection and elaboration process, an effort was made to ensure that the Methodology can be used to assess many different kinds of public procurement systems, but at the same time set high standards.

The indicators are separated into 5 groups (benchmark indicators) that represent the key characteristics (values) of a well-functioning, transparent and accountable public procurement system:

- 1. Uniformity of the Legislative Framework 14 indicators
- 2. Efficiency- 10 indicators
- 3. Transparency- 18 indicators
- 4. Accountability and Integrity-7 indicators
- 5. Competitiveness and Impartiality— 10 indicators

The methodology also includes 5 indicators that are used to assess legal components **that are not directly part** of the public procurement legislation but are crucial in terms of creating a transparent environment necessary for a proper functioning of any public procurement system. These indicators are grouped separately under **'Transparency Environment'**.

Indicators are also arranged according to the procurement process:

- 1. **Pre-tendering Phase** procurement processes leading up to the publication of a notice of intended procurement.
- 2. **Tendering Phase** procurement processes between publication of a notice of intended procurement and selection of a tender winner.
- 3. **Post-tendering Phase** procurement processes after the selection of a tender winner.

These two arrangements allow for both process and value-based assessments of public procurement legislations.

Limitations

Public procurement systems vary significantly by country. The TPPR Methodology is intended to be applicable on a global scale, meaning that the indicators cannot be too specific and cannot cover all the possible variations and exceptions.

For the same reason, the TPPR Methodology can only be used to assess public procurement legislations on the national level, and it does not include indicators for any industry specific rules.

Scoring System

Each indicator included in the TPPR Methodology is granted equal weight and receives a maximum of 1 point. With a total of 64 indicators, public procurement legislations are rated on the scale of **0 to 64** (converted to percentages for easier understanding and visualization).

Indicators that are further broken down into scoring components are nevertheless worth 1 point. Each scoring component is evaluated separately.

The Methodology uses two ways to distribute points among scoring components of an indicator:

- 1. **'Scoring method'** is used when scoring components of an indicator overlap (meaning they do not add up as points) or have an unequal distribution of points.
- 2. **'Point distribution'** is used when each scoring component of an indicator is given an equal share of the overall point granted to that indicator.

Terminology

This methodology uses universally accepted procurement terminology as well as a few terms of its own design, in order to make key distinctions easier.

Acceptance act— A document signed by parties through which they agree on the terms by which a bargain is concluded.

Bid – Price offered by a tender participant during the bidding procedure.

Bid Security – A refundable amount of money paid by tender candidates validating their participation in a tender.

Coordination – Providing assistance to economic operators and procuring entities to engage in procuring activities.

Day – In the context of this methodology a day implies a calendar day.

Economic Operator – business or other organization which supplies goods, works or services.

Legal entity of public law (LEPL) (Public Legal Entity) – Organization created by the government or a government body, but separated from state management, and performing public authority independent of state control.

Machine-readable – A data format that can be processed (i.e. extract, read, transform) by a computer.

Monitoring – Data collection and analysis.

State non-commercial legal entity – A body governed by public law, having legal personality, not having an industrial or commercial character, and funded or managed, for the most part, by state entities.

Non-competitive procedure (direct procurement) – A type of public procurement procedure that does not involve prior publication of a notice of intended procurement.

Notice of intended procurement – A call for participation in an open tender issued by procuring entities.

Open tender – A type of tender, in which any economic operator can request participation.

Post-tendering phase – procurement processes after the selection of a tender winner.

Pre-tendering phase – procurement processes leading up to the publication of a notice of intended procurement.

Procurement regulatory body – a state body responsible for managing the public procurement system without necessarily incorporating lawmaking and law enforcement functions.

Procuring entity – A state budget and local government entity (including their respective LEPLs, state owned companies and non-commercial legal entities).

Public procurement annual plan – A document issued by procuring entities that contains information about all procurements planned within a fiscal year.

Tender – A type of public procurement procedure that involves bidding.

Tender application – An economic operator's official request to participate in a tender that includes all the documents requested by the procuring entity.

Tender candidate – An economic operator willing to participate in a tender.

Tender commission – A group of persons within a procuring entity responsible for conducting procurement (this function can also be performed by a single person).

Tender documentation – A collection of documents containing full information about the procurement, such as its subject-matter, technical requirements/specification, eligibility and evaluation criteria, draft contract conditions etc.

Tender participant – An economic operator that has been allowed to participate in a tender.

Tendering phase – procurement processes between publication of a notice of intended procurement and selection of a tender winner.



Georgia

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			Tra	nsparen	cy Enviro	onment		
1 Business	registry is p	oublicly ava	ilable. – [1	point].				/
Scoring Metho	od							
Yes								
O No								
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Scoring Metho	•	c procuring	entities are	e publicly avai	lable. – [1 point].		
○ No								
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Budget Code of Georgia Art. 4 (b) Budget Code of Georgia Art. 1¹ (2) Budget Code of Georgia Art. 7 (1)

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Scoring Method		
Yes No		
	This indicator point: 1	
	and Corruption in Public Service (Chapter IV)	
Edit comment Delete comn	nment	
The country has adopted legoring Method	egal provisions ensuring the right to request public information. – [1 point].	
Yes No		
	This indicator point: 1	
General Administrative Code		
Edit comment Delete comn	nment	
Legislation includes provisio	ons regulating whistleblower protection. – [1 point].	
coring Method	ons regulating whistleblower protection. – [1 point].	
Legislation includes provision for the coring Method Yes No	ons regulating whistleblower protection. – [1 point].	

Law On Conflict of Interest and Corruption in Public Service (Chapter V^1)

Delete comment

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General Characteristics	
Public Procurement Legislation (PPL), which may include primary and secondary legislation, lays out the basic principles and general framework of the procurement process, makes it operational and indicates how the law must be applied to specific circumstances. – [1 point].	•
Scoring Method	
YesNo	
This indicator point: 1	
Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Edit comment Delete comment	
 7 PPL (including primary and secondary legislation) is available in a single and accessible place. – [1 point]. 	1
Scoring Method	
 None – [0] Only on paper – [0.25] Electronic, non-machine-readable – [0.5] Electronic, machine-readable, not free of charge – [0.75] Electronic, machine-readable, free of charge – [1] 	
This indicator point: 1	
N/A Edit comment Delete comment	

8 PPL applies to all state budget and local government entities (including their respective Legal Entities of Public Law (LEPLs), state owned companies and non-commercial legal entities) and all exempted entities are clearly indicated. – [1 point

a) All state budget entities – [0.2]	
b) Local government entities – [0.2]c) Legal Entities of Public Law (LEPL) – [0.2]	
d) State owned companies – [0.2]	
e) State non-commercial legal entities – [0.2]	
	This indicator point: 1
Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Art	:. 3 (1)
Edit comment Delete comment	
9 The scope of coverage of PPL includes a clearly listed in the PPL. – [1 point].	ll sectors of the economy where competition is possible and exemptions are
Point Distribution	
a) The scope of coverage of PPL includes all seb) PPL clearly lists or refers to all exemptions –	ctors of the economy where competition is possible - [0.5] [0.5]
	This indicator point: 1
Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Art	:. 3 (1)
Edit comment Delete comment	
10 PPL determines a separate state body (passigns this function to a subordinate public	procurement regulatory body) responsible for managing public procurement or body(ies). – [1 point].
Scoring Method	
funding – [1]	ible for managing public procurement which is authorized to have income in addition to state
 PPL determines a separate state body responsi PPL assigns this function to a subordinated pull 	
There is no responsible state body – [0]	
	This indicator point: 1
Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Art	4
Edit comment Delete comment	

Point Distribution

Yes	
) No	
	This indicator point: 1
Law of Georgia	on Public Procurement Art. 4 Order of the Government of Georgia N306 Chapter II Art. 3(b)
Edit comment	Delete comment
curement to use th	ring problems in the procurement system. PPL obligates the entity responsible for managing public nis mechanism on a regular basis. – [1 point].
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Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Chapter I Art. 3 (p; q; r^1)

Delete comment

Edit comment

Scoring Method	
YesNo	
	This indicator point: 1
Law of Georgia	on Public Procurement Art. 2
Edit comment	Delete comment
discriminatory, free to	ires that software used for electronic procurement and related communication shall be non- o use and interoperable with the ICT products in general use and shall not restrict economic operators' ment procedure. – [1 point].
Scoring Method Yes No	
	This indicator point: 1
Law of Georgia	on Public Procurement Art. 2 (c)
Edit comment	Delete comment
16 PPL ensures tha affiliation: – [1 point	t tender candidates must be given equal treatment, without regard to nationality, residency or political
Point Distribution	·
PPL should not allo	w domestic preferences – [1 5]
	candidate or group of candidates is based on qualification – [1 5]
_	ation if required does not constitute a barrier to participation in tenders – [1 5] anies are not given any preference – [1 5]
State owned compa	inies die not given dry preference – i its i

Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Art. 2 Edit comment Delete comment	//
17 PPL stipulates that a procuring entity shall, consistent with its own reasonable needs, provide sufficient time (based or the GPA standard - Article XI) for candidates to prepare and submit tender application. – [1 point]. Scoring Method Yes No This indicator point: 0	•
Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 8 (2) According to the GPA, the minimum threshold for submitting tender applications is 10 days (if all conditions indicated in Article XI are satisfied), from the date on which the notice of intended procurement is published. Georgian PPL does not comply with this standard due to one of the procedures – Simplified Electronic Tender. According to the Georgian PPL (order No. 9) in case of simplified electronic tender, potential tender candidates have a total oworking days to prepare and submit their applications/bids. New legislative proposal of 16 January 2017 will abolish the Simplified Electronic Tender and introduce a new system of determining time-frames, based on the approximate value of the purchase. With the new proposal the minimum time for preparing the tender documentation is 7 days (5 for getting acquainted with the documentation for submitting the bid). Edit comment Delete comment	
18 PPL stipulates that each procuring entity has a staff member(s) responsible for conducting procurement activities. – [1 point]. Scoring Method Yes No	// ^
This indicator point: 1	

Delete comment

Order No 5 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Chapter III, art. 8 (3; 4; 5)

Edit comment D

scorin	PL references sanctions for violations of the PPL. – [1 point].
) Ye	g Method
) No	
	This indicator point: 0
L	egislation explicitly defines fraud and corruption / abuse of public office and spells out the individual responsibilities
	nsequences for government employees and private firms or individuals found guilty of fraud or corruption. – [1 point
Corin	g Method
Ye	
) No	
	This indicator point: 1
	Law of Georgia On Conflict of Interest and Corruption in Public Service Chapter I Art. 3(1;2) Criminal code of Georgia Chapter XXIX Edit comment Delete comment
otent	ial suppliers. – [1 point].
otent Scorin	g Method
otent Scorin	ial suppliers. – [1 point].
Scoring PP	ial suppliers. – [1 point]. g Method L ensures the right to review, for general public, tender participants and potential suppliers – [1]
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planned to be introduced – 2% of the estimated value of the purchase.

Delete comment

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	PPL ensures the	ight to review throughou	ut the procurement բ	rocess. – [1 point]	 .	
iı	nt Distribution					
	A procurement cont A reasonable amour	ed at any time during the pro act cannot be awarded with a t of time should be left betwe the opportunity to challenge	a pending complaint – [een publication of the c	1 3] ontract award decision	•	ontract, in order to
		Th	nis indicator point: 1			
	Law of Georgia	on Public Procurement Chapt	er VI Art. 11 Order No.	of the Chairman of t	he State Procurement Ago	ency Art. 15 (2; 5)
	Edit comment	Delete comment				
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	DDI ansuras tha	evistance of an independ	ent (from parties inv	olved in a procurer	ment dispute) review h	
		existence of an independe mplaints and grant remed	-	olved in a procurer	nent dispute) review b	
tł		-	-	olved in a procurer	nent dispute) review b	
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Scoring Method

○ None – [0]

Only on paper – [0.25]

O Electronic, machine-readable, free of charge – [1]

O Electronic, non-machine-readable – [0.5]

O Electronic, machine-readable, not free of charge – [0.75]

Order N1 of t	the Chairman of the State procurement Agency Art. 9(8)
Edit comment	Delete comment
	ectronic, machine-readable and free of charge access to dispute resolutions (of the independent review Il text or key information contained in these documents. – [1 point].
Scoring Method	
	ne-readable, free of charge – [1]
	ne-readable, not free of charge – [0.75] achine-readable – [0.5]
Only on paper – [
None – [0]	
	This indicator point: 0.5
Order N1 of t	the Chairman of the State procurement Agency Art. 9(8) Delete comment
Luit comment	Delete Comment
	Pre-Tendering Phase
	Pre-rendering Phase
_	procuring entities to publish as early as possible in each fiscal year a notice regarding their future - "public procurement annual plan". The annual plan must include at least: – [1 point].
Point Distribution	
Planned dates (a ı Estimated value o	CPV - or other similar classificatory system) of planned procurements – [0.25] range of week month quarter) of publication of the notices of intended procurement – [0.25] f procurements – [0.25]
Source of funding	J – [U.25]
	This indicator point: 1

Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Chapter I Art.9(6)

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29 PPL stipulates that procurement process should not normally be initiated until the appropriate financial resources have been identified (Including budgetary as well as non-budgetary resources e.g. grants, credits by international organizations, investment funds received under state guarantees, funds from state-owned enterprises, etc.). – [1 point].

Scoring Method



	Order of the Chairperson of the State Procurement Agency N2 Art. 4(3)
	Edit comment Delete comment
0 P	PL defines the composition, powers, responsibilities and decision-making procedures of the body (tender commission
	erson) responsible for conducting tender within the procuring entity. – [1 point].
Scoring	g Method
O Yes	
O No	
	This indicator point: 1
	Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Chapter III Art. 11
	Edit comment Delete comment
1 M	Inimum monetary thresholds exist for different types of procurement. – [1 point].
	g Method
Yes	
O No	
	This indicator point: 1
	Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Chapter I Art. 3 (p;q;r ¹)
	Edit comment Delete comment

PPL stipulates that open tender is the default procedure for any public procurement, and all exceptions are clearly listed by the PPL. – [1 point].

Point Distribution

Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Chapter II Art. 10 ¹ tals comment Delete comment PPL stipulates that justification for using a non-competitive procedure must be made public by the procuring entity.— int 1. PPL stipulates that justification for using a non-competitive procedure must be made public by the procuring entity.— int 1. Order of the Chairperson of the State Procurement Agency N 13 Art. 5 Edic comment Delete comment PPL stipulates that provided that it does not use this provision for the purpose of avoiding competition among supplifing a manner that discriminates against foreign suppliers or protects domestic suppliers, a procuring entity may use non- impetitive procedure (direct procurement) when:—[1 point]. icoring Method If all the conditions given below are satisfied—[1] If there are other exceptions—[0.5] None of the above—[0.1] This indicator point: 0.5 a) Where the goods or services can be supplied only by a particular supplier and no reasonable alternative or substitute goods or services exist. b) For additional deliveries by the original supplier of goods or services that were not included in the initial		This indicator point: 1
PPL stipulates that justification for using a non-competitive procedure must be made public by the procuring entity.— int]. coring Method (No) This indicator point: 1 Order of the Chairperson of the State Procurement Agency N 13 Art. 5 Edit comment Delete comment	Law of Ge	gia on Public Procurement Chapter II Art. 10 ¹
PPL stipulates that provided that it does not use this provision for the purpose of avoiding competition among supplina a manner that discriminates against foreign suppliers or protects domestic suppliers, a procuring entity may use non-mortified procurement when: – [1 point]. **Total Method** If all the conditions given below are satisfied - [1] If there are other exceptions – [0.5] None of the above – [0] This indicator point: 0.5 a) Where the goods or services can be supplied only by a particular supplier and no reasonable alternative or substitute goods or services exist.		·
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This indicator point: 1 Order of the Chairperson of the State Procurement Agency N 13 Art. 5 Edit comment Delete comment PPL stipulates that provided that it does not use this provision for the purpose of avoiding competition among supplin a manner that discriminates against foreign suppliers or protects domestic suppliers, a procuring entity may use non-neptitive procedure (direct procurement) when: — [1 point]. Oring Method If all the conditions given below are satisfied - [1] If there are other exceptions — [0.5] None of the above — [0] This indicator point: 0.5 a) Where the goods or services can be supplied only by a particular supplier and no reasonable alternative or substitute goods or services exist.		
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PPL stipulates that provided that it does not use this provision for the purpose of avoiding competition among suppling a manner that discriminates against foreign suppliers or protects domestic suppliers, a procuring entity may use non-neptitive procedure (direct procurement) when: – [1 point]. **Definity** Definition of the purpose of avoiding competition among suppliers or protects domestic suppliers, a procuring entity may use non-neptitive procedure (direct procurement) when: – [1 point]. **Definition** If a purpose of avoiding competition among suppliers or protects domestic suppliers, a procuring entity may use non-neptitive procedure (direct procurement) when: – [1 point]. **Definition** If a purpose of avoiding competition among suppliers or protects domestic suppliers, a procuring entity may use non-neptitive procedure (direct procurement) when: – [1 point]. **Definition** The purpose of avoiding competition among suppliers or protects domestic suppliers, a procuring entity may use non-neptitive procedure (direct procurement) when: – [1 point]. **Definition** The purpose of avoiding competition among suppliers or protects domestic suppliers, a procuring entity may use non-neptitive procedure (direct procurement) when: – [1 point]. **Definition** The purpose of avoiding competition among suppliers or protects domestic suppliers, a procuring entity may use non-neptitive procedure (direct procurement) when: – [1 point]. **Definition** The purpose of avoiding competition among suppliers or protects domestic supp		This indicator point: 1
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a) Where the goods or services can be supplied only by a particular supplier and no reasonable alternative or substitute goods or services exist.		
substitute goods or services exist.		This indicator point: 0.5
b) For additional deliveries by the original supplier of goods of services that were not included in the initial		
procurement where a change of supplier for such additional goods or services cannot be made for economic		
or technical reasons such as requirements of interchangeability or interoperability with existing equipment,		
software, services or installations procured under the initial procurement; or would cause significant		
inconvenience or substantial duplication of costs for the procuring entity. c) Insofar as is strictly necessary where, for reasons of extreme urgency brought about by events		

unforeseeable by the procuring entity, the goods or services could not be obtained in time using open

the course of, and for, a particular contract for research, experiment, study or original development.

d) Where a procuring entity procures a prototype or a first good or service that is developed at its request in

tendering or selective tendering.

e) For purchases made under exceptionally advantageous conditions that only arise in the very short term in the case of unusual disposals such as those arising from liquidation, receivership or bankruptcy, but not for routine purchases from regular suppliers.

Order of the Chairperson of the State Procurement Agency N 13 Art. 3

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Tendering Phase

35 PPL stipulates that the notice of intended procurement/tender documentation must include at least: – [1 point].

Point Distribution

- Name and address of the procuring entity and other information necessary to contact the procuring entity and obtain all relevant documents relating to the procurement, and their cost and terms of payment, if any [1|8]
- A description of the procurement, including the nature and the quantity of the goods or services (including construction) to be procured or, where the quantity is not known, the estimated quantity [1|8]
- ✓ CPV codes (or other classificatory system of a similar nature) [1|8]
- ullet Estimated value of the goods or services to be procured [1|8]
- ightharpoonup The time-frame for delivery of goods or services or the duration of the contract [1|8]
- $lue{}$ The procurement method that will be used [1|8]
- ✓ The address (where applicable) and any final date for the submission of requests for participation in the procurement [1|8]
- ✓ A list and brief description of any conditions (eligibility criteria) for participation of candidates, including any requirements for specific documents or certifications to be provided by candidates in connection therewith [1|8]

This indicator point: 1

Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 8 (4), Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 9

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PPL stipulates that the notice of intended procurement/tender documentation must include: – [1 point].

Point Distribution

- Payment conditions [0.2]
- ✓ Information about bid security (if required) [0.2]
- Source of funding [0.2]
- ✓ Payment information for multi-year contracts [0.2]
- ☑ Draft of contract [0.2]

This indicator point: 0.8

PPL defines all	eligibility criteria for participation in tender that must include at least: – [1 point].
int Distribution	
Capabilities with th Financial position –	e respect to personnel, equipment, and construction or manufacturing facilities – [1 3] · [1 3]
Grounds of restricti	ion for participation – [1 3]
	This indicator point: 1
Order No 9 of	the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 11 (2 ¹ ; 4)
Edit comment	Delete comment
der documentation y not take part or	hat procuring entities may seek consultations for the purpose of planning procurement (drafting of on) from independent experts or market participants. In such cases, these experts or market participant benefit from tenders they helped plan unless it can be demonstrated that there is no conflict of interestal legislation). – [1 point].
int Distribution PPL stipulates that	procuring entities may seek consultations for the purpose of planning procurement from independent experts or marke
participants – [0.5	
•	experts or market participants from taking part or benefiting from tenders they helped plan, unless it can be there is no conflict of interest (as defined by the national legislation) – [0.5]
	This indicator point: 1
Law of Georgia	on Public Procurement Chapter III Art. 11 (5) Law of Georgia on Public
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Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art.8 Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art.

19

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39 PPL ensures electronic, machine-readable and free of charge access to notices of intended procurement (including tender documentation), either the full text or key information contained in these documents. – [1 point].	^
Scoring Method	
 Electronic, machine-readable, free of charge – [1] Electronic, machine-readable, not free of charge – [0.75] Electronic, non-machine-readable – [0.5] Only on paper – [0.25] None – [0] 	
This indicator point: 1	
Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 8 (1) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 8 (10) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 9 (3) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency - Annex No 5. Edit comment Delete comment	
40 PPL ensures electronic, machine-readable and free of charge access to tender documentation amendments, either the	^
full text or key information contained in these documents. – [1 point].	·
Scoring Method	
 Electronic, machine-readable, free of charge – [1] Electronic, machine-readable, not free of charge – [0.75] Electronic, non-machine-readable – [0.5] Only on paper – [0.25] None – [0] 	
This indicator point: 1	
Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 9 (2) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 9 (3) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency - Annex No 5 Edit comment Delete comment	
41 PPL ensures electronic, machine-readable and free of charge access to tender candidate applications (all documents needed for the request to participate in a tender), either the full text or key information contained in these documents. – [1 point].	^
Scoring Method	
 Electronic, machine-readable, free of charge – [1] Electronic, machine-readable, not free of charge – [0.75] Electronic, non-machine-readable – [0.5] Only on paper – [0.25] None – [0] 	

	Order No 9 of to Art. 10 (9)	the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 10 (3) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency
	Edit comment	Delete comment
	PL ensures elec pant. – [1 point	ctronic, machine-readable and free of charge access to information about the bids offered by tender at].
Scoring	g Method	
O Ele	ctronic, machine-	e-readable, free of charge – [1]
		e-readable, not free of charge – [0.75]
		chine-readable – [0.5]
	lly on paper – [0.7 ne – [0]	.25]
		This indicator point: 1
	Order No 9 of to Art. 10 (8)	the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 10 (3) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency
	Edit comment	Delete comment
13 P	PL ensures elec	ctronic, machine-readable and free of charge access to decisions of the tender commission, either the f
ext or	key informatio	on contained in these documents. – [1 point].
Scoring	g Method	
		e-readable, free of charge – [1]
_		e-readable, not free of charge – [0.75]
	ly on paper – [0.2	chine-readable – [0.5] 0.25]
	ne – [0]	1
		This indicator point: 0.5
		the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 2 (m) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency
	Art. 14 (6)	
	Edit comment	Delete comment

Unless justified by the subject-matter of the contract, technical specifications shall not refer to a specific make or source, ^ or a particular process which characterizes the products or services provided by a specific economic operator, or to trade marks, patents, types or a specific origin or production with the effect of favoring or eliminating certain undertakings or certain products. – [1 point]. **Scoring Method** Yes O No This indicator point: 1 Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art11 (7a)

PPL stipulates that procuring entities may require tender candidates to confirm the validity of their bid with a bid security that is refunded once the procedure is completed. – [1 point].

Scoring Method

Edit comment



Yes

This indicator point: 1

Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 10 (3) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 16

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Legislation explicitly defines conflict of interest and includes mechanisms for its prevention: – [1 point]. 46

Point Distribution

The concept of conflicts of interest covers at least any situation where staff members of the procuring entity or of a procurement service. provider acting on behalf of the procuring entity who are involved in the conduct of the procurement procedure or may influence the outcome of that procedure, have, directly or indirectly, a financial, economic or other personal interest which might be perceived to compromise their impartiality and independence in the context of the procurement procedure – [1|3]

	PPL stipulates that persons responsible for procurement decision-making in procuring entities must declare in writing any conflict of interest with tender participants – [1 3] The legislative framework prohibits the participation of active public officials and former public officials for a reasonable period of time after leaving office in public procurement procedures in ways that benefit them, their relatives, and business or political associates financially or otherwise – [1 3]
	This indicator point: 1
	Law of Georgia on Conflict of Interest and Corruption in Public Service Chapter I Art. 3 (3) Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Chapter I Art. 8 (4; 5 Law of Georgia On Conflict of Interest and Corruption in Public Service Chapter II Art. 13 (10) Edit comment Delete comment
pe	
0	Yes
	No
	This indicator point: 1
	with render participants _ [1] 3 This legislative framework prohibits the participation of active public officials and former public officials for a reasonable period of sime after leaving office in public procurement procedures in ways that benefit them, their relatives, and business or political associates financially or otherwise _ [1] 3 This indicator point: 1 Law of Georgia on Conflict of Interest and Corruption in Public Service Chapter I Art. 3 (3) Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Chapter I Art. 9 (4, 5 Law of Georgia On Conflict of Interest and Corruption in Public Service Chapter II Art. 13 (10) East corruption of the Chapter I Art. 13 (10) PPL stipulates that award decisions must be made solely on the basis of evaluation criteria that have been precisely infided in advance in the tender documentation [1] point]. This indicator point: 1 Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 12 (1) Indicator point: 1 Device commant PPL stipulates that upon modification of any criteria and requirements set out in tender documentation prior to the pletion of fender application submission period, a procuring entity shall transmit in writing all such modifications: _ [1] Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 12 (1) This indicator point: 1 Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 2 (1) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 2 (2) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 2 (3) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 2 (3) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 2 (4) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 2 (6) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 2 (6) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 2 (7) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 2 (7) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 2 (8) Order No 9 of t
on	npletion of tender application submission period, a procuring entity shall transmit in writing all such modifications: – [1
Po	oint Distribution
	Give additional adequate time (either by extending or restarting the time) to allow such candidates to modify and re-submit amended tender
This indicator point: 1 Law of Georgia on Conflict of Interest and Corruption in Public Service Chapter I Art. 3 (3) Law of Georgia on Public Proc Chapter I Art. 8 (4: 5 Law of Georgia On Conflict of Interest and Corruption in Public Service Chapter II Art. 13 (10) Filt comment Delete comment Delete comment Delete comment Delete comment Delete comment This indicator point: 1 Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 12 (1) Edit comment Delete	This indicator point: 1
	the tender participants = [13] the legislative framework prohibits the participation of active public officials and former public officials for a reasonable period of time after avoing office in public procurement procedures in ways that benefit them, their relatives, and business or political associates financially or heritise = [13] This indicator point: 1 Law of Georgia on Conflict of Interest and Comuption in Public Service Chapter I Art. 3 (3) Law of Georgia on Public Procurement Chapter I Art. 3 (4) 5 Law of Georgia On Conflict of Interest and Corruption in Public Service Chapter II Art. 3 (10) Delete comment Delete comment Delete comment Delete comment This indicator point: 1 Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 12 (1) Edit comment Delete comment Delete comment Delete comment Delete comment This indicator point: 1 Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 12 (1) Edit commant Delete comment This indicator point: 1 Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 12 (1) This indicator point: 1 Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 9 (2) E Procurement User Manual Chapter S (3). This indicator point: 1 Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 9 (2) E Procurement User Manual Chapter S (3). This indicator is not be charged within the Tender Cooking within the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 9 (2) E Procurement User Manual Chapter S (3). This indicator is not applicable in acce of Georgia, as the documentation can only be changed diving the Tender annoted stage, which

system message.

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49	PPL stipulates that procuring entities shall inform each tender participant of the decision reached about the winner of	^
the t	ender, including failure to do so, as soon as it is made, but no later than the end of the following working day. – [1 point	
].		

Scoring Method

Yes

O No

This indicator point: 1

Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 14 (6) E-Procurement User Manual Chapter 5 (5.1)

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//

50 According to PPL legislation: – [1 point].

Scoring Method

- a) In order to participate in a tender, interested parties have to refer to a procuring entity with relevant requests beforehand and the procuring entity is not obliged to either inform interested parties of the reasons for rejecting requests nor to inform those who made it to the bidding stage of the reasons for rejecting bids; or interested parties can participate in a tender without the need of referring to a procuring entity beforehand, but the entity is not obliged to inform interested parties of the reasons for rejecting bids [0].
- b) In order to participate in a tender interested parties need to refer to a procuring entity with relevant requests beforehand and the procuring entity is obliged to inform interested parties of the reasons for rejecting requests but is not obliged to inform those who made it to be bidding stage of the reasons for rejecting bids; or procuring entity is not obliged to inform interested parties of the reasons for rejecting requests but is obliged to inform those who made it to be bidding stage of the reasons for rejecting bids [0.5].
- o) In order to participate in a tender interested parties need to refer to a procuring entity with relevant requests beforehand and the procuring entity is obliged to inform interested parties of the reasons for rejecting requests as well as inform those who made it to the bidding stage of the reasons for rejecting bids; or interested parties can participate in a tender without the need of referring to a procuring entity beforehand and the entity is obliged to inform interested parties of the reasons for rejecting bids [1]

This indicator point: 1

Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 6 (4) Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 14 (6) E-Procurement User Manual Chapter 5 (5.1)

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cost-effectiveness approach, such as: – [1 po	int].
Point Distribution	
 ✓ Life-cycle cost – [1 3] ☐ Best price-quality ratio – [1 3] ☐ Environmental and or social costs – [1 3] 	
	Post-Tendering Phase Unlates that upon successful conclusion of tender (upon choosing and announcing of the winner) the following nust be made public as soon as it is available: —[1 point]. It is identification number, address, telephone, fax number (where applicable), email and internet address of the procurement of the service from which additional information may be obtained —[0.1] or of the procurement: number, extend, quantity or value of goods, works and services. Where the contract is divided into lots, this in shall be provided for each lot —[0.1] are procedure; in the case of negotiated procedure without prior publication, justification —[0.1] are procedure; in the case of negotiated procedure without prior publication, justification —[0.1] fibids and their respective amounts received —[0.1] This indicator point: 1 This indicator point: 1 This indicator point: 1
	Procurement Agency Art. 4
	Post-Tendering Phase
52 PPL stipulates that upon successful con	clusion of tender (upon choosing and announcing of the winner) the following
Point Distribution	
Description of the procurement: nature, extent,	quantity or value of goods, works and services. Where the contract is divided into lots, this
 Type of award procedure; in the case of negotian Date of the signing of contract(s) or of framework 	ated procedure without prior publication, justification – [0.1]
	received – [0.1]
Name, address, telephone, fax number (where information whether the contract was awarded	applicable), email address and internet address of the successful tender participant(s) including
Name and address of the body responsible for deadline for review procedures, or if need be, t	he name, address, telephone number, fax number (where applicable) and email address of the
	This indicator point: 1
 Duration of the contract – [0.1] Number of bids and their respective amounts relation. Name, address, telephone, fax number (where information whether the contract was awarded 0.1] Name and address of the body responsible for deadline for review procedures, or if need be, to service from which this information may be obtained. 	received – [0.1] applicable), email address and internet address of the successful tender participant(s) including to a group of economic operators (joint venture, consortium or other) (where applicable) – [review and, where appropriate, mediation procedures. Precise information concerning the the name, address, telephone number, fax number (where applicable) and email address of the tained – [0.1]

PPL stipulates that in cases when evaluation criteria include both price and quality, the winner shall be chosen using a

51

PPL stipulates that the information on subcontractors must be made public upon successful conclusion of t choosing and announcing of the winner). – [1 point].	tender (upon 🔥
Point Distribution	
Procurement contracts include information on what proportion of the contract can be subcontracted to third parties – [0.5] Information on subcontractors (if any): name, address, ID, contact information, is made public as soon as this information is as	vailable - [0.5]
This indicator point: 0	
	//
PPL ensures electronic, machine-readable and free of charge access to procurement contracts, either the fu information contained in these documents. – [1 point].	Ill text or key 🔨
Scoring Method	
○ Electronic, machine-readable, free of charge – [1]	
Electronic, machine-readable, not free of charge – [0.75]Electronic, non-machine-readable – [0.5]	
Only on paper – [0.25]	
○ None - [0]	
This indicator point: 0.5	
This indicator point. 6.5	
Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 15 (6)	
Edit comment Delete comment	
	<i>[1</i>
55 PPL ensures electronic, machine-readable and free of charge access to contract amendments, either the full	l text or key 🔥
information contained in these documents. – [1 point].	
Scoring Method	
○ Electronic, machine-readable, free of charge – [1]	
Electronic, machine-readable, not free of charge – [0.75]Electronic, non-machine-readable – [0.5]	
○ Only on paper – [0.25]	
○ None – [0]	
This indicator point 0.5	
This indicator point: 0.5	
Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art.20 (1)	
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Scorin	g Method
O Ele	ctronic, machine-readable, free of charge – [1]
O Ele	ctronic, machine-readable, not free of charge – [0.75]
O Ele	ctronic, non-machine-readable – [0.5]
O	ly on paper – [0.25]
O No	ne – [0]
	This indicator point: 1
	Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 22 ¹ (2)
	Edit comment Delete comment
nform	PL ensures electronic, machine-readable and free of charge access to payment receipts, either the full text or key ation contained in these documents. – [1 point].
Scorin	
Scorin	ation contained in these documents. – [1 point]. g Method ctronic, machine-readable, free of charge – [1] ctronic, machine-readable, not free of charge – [0.75] ctronic, non-machine-readable – [0.5] ly on paper – [0.25]
Scorin	ation contained in these documents. – [1 point]. g Method ctronic, machine-readable, free of charge – [1] ctronic, machine-readable, not free of charge – [0.75] ctronic, non-machine-readable – [0.5] ly on paper – [0.25] ine – [0]
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☑ Quality control (QC) procedures for goods, works and services are well defined in the draft contracts, documents or in the regulations – [0.5]

☐ Inspection of civil works is carried out by independent engineering firms or qualified government supervisors and inspectors – [0.5]

Point Distribution

Order No 9 of the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 22

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				any inspection and	d quality control repo	orts, either
e full text or k	ey information cont	ained in these docur	ments. – [1 point].			
		•				
		[]				
None – [0]						
		This indicate	or point: 1			
Law of Go	eorgia on State Audit (Office Chapter V Art 25				
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) Procedure:	s for acceptance of	final products and pr	ocessing of final pa	nyments are clearly	defined by the PPL o	r contract
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Law of Georgia on State Audit Office Chapter V Are Edit comment Delete comment Delete comment Procedures for acceptance of final products and are incorporated as standard clauses in corporate of Scoring Method Yes No	the State Procurement A	Agency Art 19 (6(a))				
			rgericy Art. 19 (0(g))			
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PPL defines specific procedures for modifying contracts. – [1 point].		
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Yes No		
NO		
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Order No 9 of	the Chairman of the State Procurement Agency Art. 20	
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		//
PPL stipulates t	hat procurement contract must include dispute resolution procedures. – [1 point].	
oring Method		
Yes		
No		
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Law of Casasi	and Dublic Dura surram and Chandray VII And 22 (2) no	
Edit comment	a on Public Procurement Chapter VI Art. 23 (2)m Delete comment	
Lait comment	Delete comment	
		/
PPL stipulates t	hat all procurement related documentation must be maintained: – [1 point].	
oring Method	'	
	for a period of at least 10 years – [1]	
	period of at least 3 years – [0.5]	
None of the above		
	This indicator point: 1	
	inis indicator point. I	
Edit comment	e state procurement electronic system ensures that the information is maintained for indefinite period of time Delete comment	
Luit comment	Delete Collinelit	

PPL stipulates that public procurement operations must be subject to internal and external audit conducted by qualified specialists. – [1 point].

Point Distribution

PPL stipulates that public procurement operations must be subject to internal audit conducted by qualified specialists – [0.5]

PPL stipulates that public procurement operations must be subject to external audit conducted by qualified specialists – [0.5]

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Law of Georgia on State Audit Office Chapter V Art. 17 Law of Georgia On Public Internal Financial Control Chapter I Art. 4

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